



Jan van Schoor
(Pr.Sci.Nat.) • B.Sc. (Agric. Plant Pathology, Horticulture) • M.Sc. (Agric. Plant Pathology)
Member: SA Association of Pesticide Consultants
Cell: +27 82 940 5110
Fax: 086 650 8799
E-mail: science@agricscience.com
Web: www.agricscience.com

DATE: 20 January 2011

CLIENT: BOS

PROTOCOL NUMBER: BOSpotHERB

ASC REFERENCE: ASCBOSpotHERB

TITLE

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbali and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

ABSTRACT

The efficacy and crop safety of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbali and Hp Active in different combinations and at different dosage rates were compared to the conventional treatment and an untreated control in order to determine the effect in increasing the yield of potatoes and controlling disease. The combination of Bio Terra 1 at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha, Bio Terra 2 at a dosage rate of 500 mL product/ha, Herbali at a dosage rate of 1 L product/ha, Hp Active at a dosage rate of 200 mL product/ha and 4 L molasses applied during plant and then a combination of Herbali at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha and Hp Active at a dosage rate of 200 mL product/ha applied at the second week after emergence or the combination of Bio Terra 1 at a dosage rate of 4 L product/ha, Bio Terra 2 at a dosage rate of 1000 mL product/ha, Herbali at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha, Hp Active at a dosage rate of 400 mL product/ha and 4 L molasses applied during plant and then a combination of Herbali at a dosage rate of 4 L product/ha and Hp Active at a dosage rate of 400 mL product/ha applied at the second week after emergence were found to be equally significantly effective to increase the yield of potato. No symptoms of phytotoxicity were visible on any of the potato plants treated during any given time of the trial.

INTRODUCTION

Fertilizers are substances supplying nutrients to plants or amending soil fertility. Using fertilizers is the most effective means to increase crop production and to improve the quality of food and fodder. The main use of fertilizers is to promote plant growth. Nutrients mainly present in fertilizers include nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium (the macronutrients) as well as some micronutrients added in smaller amounts. Fertilizers are usually applied directly to the soil, but can also be applied as foliar sprays.

OBJECTIVE

The aim of this study was to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbali and Hp Active in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

TRIAL DETAILS

Researcher: Jan van Schoor

Cell no: 082 940 5110

Co-operator: Wolwedans

Locality: Aurora, Western Cape

Type: Fertilizer

Crop: Potato

Cultivar/variety: BP1

Treatments: 6

Replicates: 6

Number of plots: 36

Experimental Design: Randomized complete block

Single plot size: 4 m X 10 m = 40 m² (120 plants per plot)

Total plot size of trial: 1440 m² (40 m² X 36)

Irrigation: Centre pivot sprayer

APPLICATION DETAILS

Growth stage of first application: Beginning of sprouting (BBCH 01) – During planting

Method of application: At plant: Drench

Treatments after emergence: Foliar

Total applications: 4 depending on treatment (see treatment program)

Nozzle type: Cone

Treatment volume: 1000 L/ha

Product list: herbali, HP Active, Bio terra 1, Bio Terra 2

Treatment program:

Treatment	Application 1 During plant		Application 2 Week 2 after emergence		Application 3 Week 5 after emergence		Application 4 Week 8 after emergence	
	Product code	Dose rate	Product code	Dose rate	Product code	Dose rate	Product code	Dose rate
1	Bio T 1	2 L/ha	Herbali	2 L/ha	-	-	-	-
	Bio T 2	500 mL/ha	HP Act	200 mL/ha	-	-	-	-
	Herbali	1 L/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	HP Act	200 mL/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Molasses	4 L	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Bio T 1	2 L/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Bio T 2	500 mL/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Molasses	2 L	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Herbali	1 L/ha	Herbali	1 L/ha	-	-	-	-
	Molasses	4 L	HP Act	400 mL/ha	-	-	-	-
4	Bio T 1	4 L/ha	Herbali	4 L/ha	Herbali	1 L/ha	Herbali	1 L/ha
	Bio T 2	1000 mL/ha	HP Act	400 mL/ha	-	-	-	-
	Herbali	2 L/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	HP Act	400 mL/ha	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Molasses	4 L	-	-	-	-	-	-
5 Conventional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 Untreated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Weather conditions: Climatic conditions were favorable for potato growth and favorable for disease increase on potato. Daily temperatures reached up to 38°C under field conditions, combined with medium to high humidity during the duration of the trial. Night temperatures varied between 6°C and 18°C.

Weather conditions at time of application:

APPLICATION INFORMATION	Application 1	Application 2	Application 3	Application 4
BBCH	01	19	35	60
Date	27-Jul-2010	08-Sep-2010	30-Sep-2010	20-Oct-2010
Time of application	16:00	10:30	10:30	09:00
Temperature (°C)	19	25	22	21
Windspeed (m/s)	1.5	0	0	1.4
Relative humidity (%)	60	42	49	62
Rain (mm)	0	0	0	0

2	Bio Terra 1 Bio Terra 2 Molasses (2 L)	2 500	l/ha ml/ha	A A A	51.51	b	25.05	a	18.48	d	7.98	d
3	Herbali Molasses (4 L) Hp Active	1 400	l/ha ml/ha	ABCD A B	56.44	b	11.22	c	30.05	bc	15.17	b
4	Bio Terra 1 Bio Terra 2 Herbali Hp Active Molasses (4 L)	4 1000 2 400	l/ha ml/ha l/ha ml/ha	A A AB AB A	76.16	a	21.00	ab	32.69	b	21.72	a
5	Standard/Untreated Check	-	-	-	45.80	b	16.26	bc	23.28	cd	6.26	d
6	Untreated Check	-	-	-	49.35	b	15.14	bc	20.84	cd	16.38	b
LSD (P=.05)				14.429		5.518		7.664		2.424		
Standard Deviation				12.132		4.639		6.444		2.038		
CV				20.37		25.9		22.24		15.63		
Bartlett's X2				3.597		10.817		9.363		1.941		
P(Bartlett's X2)				0.609		0.055		0.095		0.857		
Replicate F				0.176		0.672		0.901		2.819		
Replicate Prob(F)				0.9693		0.6484		0.4960		0.0375		
Treatment F				8.056		6.497		17.530		48.495		
Treatment Prob(F)				0.0001		0.0005		0.0001		0.0001		

Means followed by same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, Student-Newman-Keuls)

Mean comparisons performed only when Analysis of Variance (AOV) Treatment Prob (F) is significant at mean comparison observed significance level (OSL).

- = significant at P = 0.0

Figure 1. The effect of treatments on mean weight of total amount of tubers.

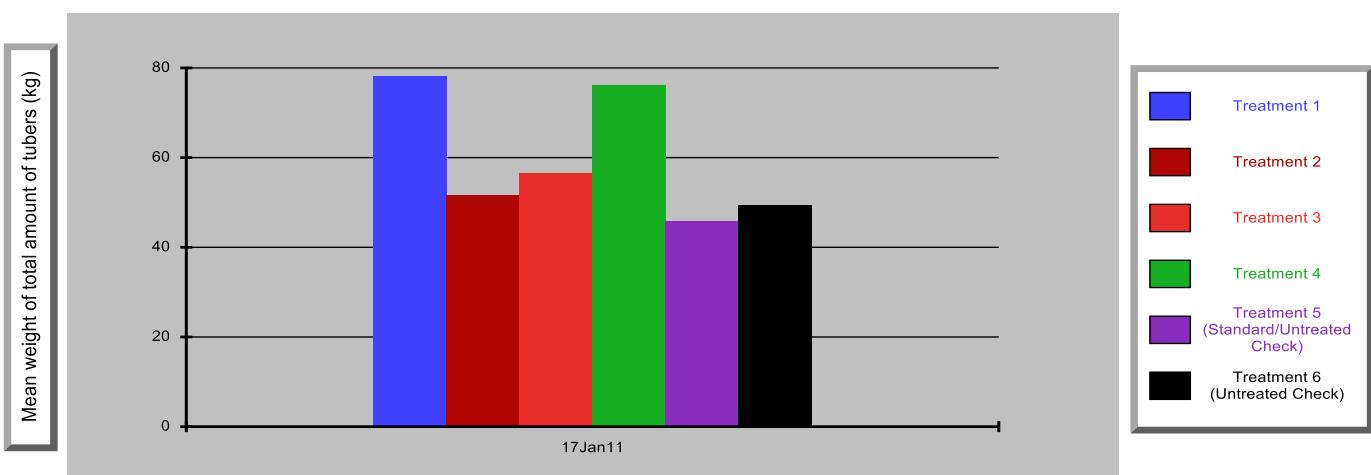


Figure 2. The effect of treatments on mean weight of large tubers.

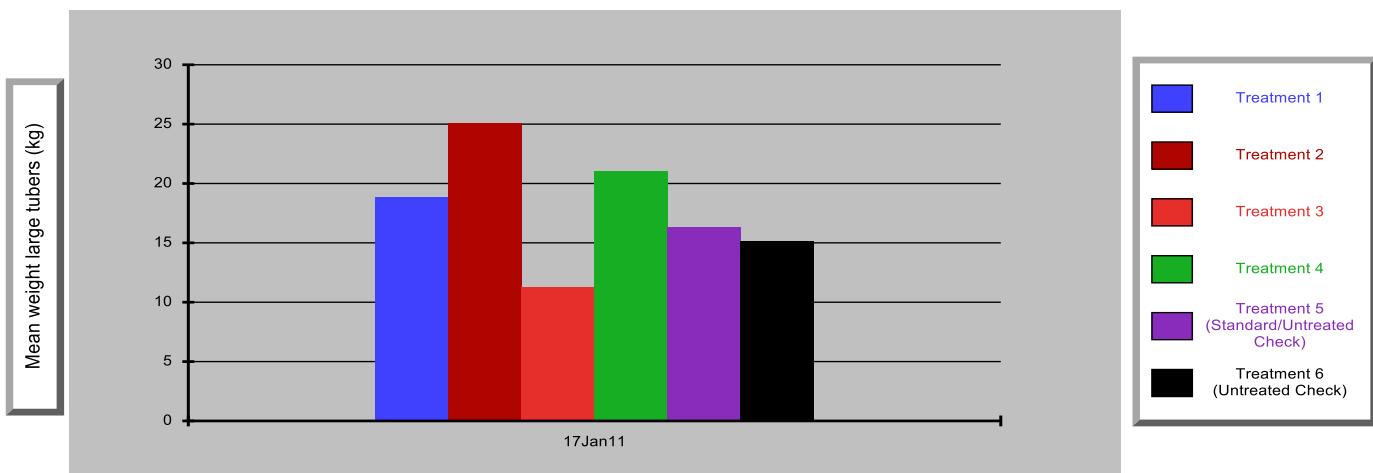


Figure 3. The effect of treatments on mean weight of medium tubers.

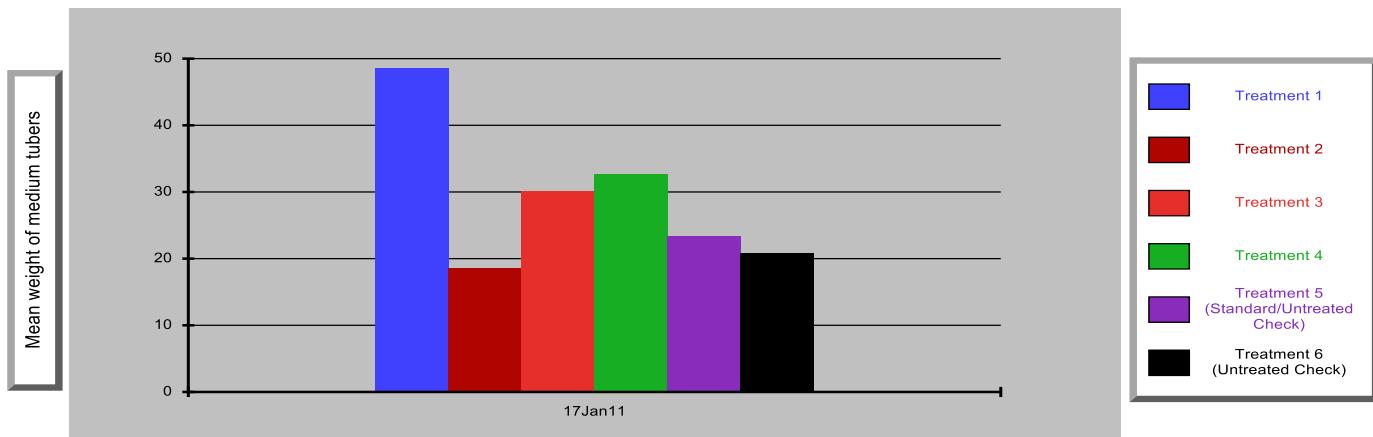


Figure 4. The effect of treatments on mean weight of small tubers.

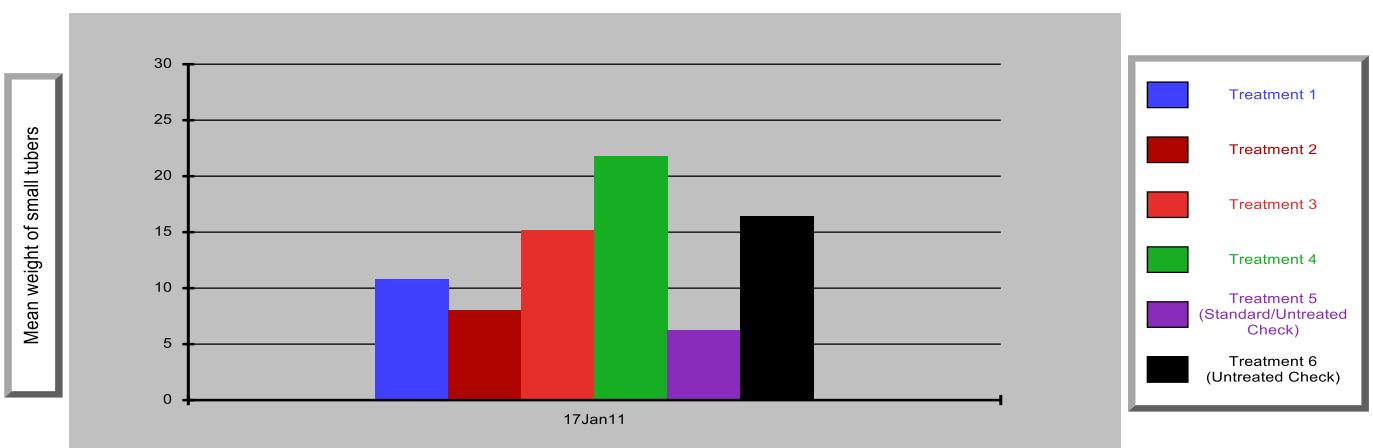


Figure 5. Comparison between tubers of treatment 1 compared to the untreated check (treatment 6).



Figure 6. Comparison between tubers of treatment 2 compared to the untreated check (treatment 6).



Figure 7. Comparison between tubers of treatment 3 compared to the untreated check (treatment 6).



Figure 8. Comparison between tubers of treatment 4 compared to the untreated check (treatment 6).



Figure 9. Comparison between tubers of treatment 5 compared to the untreated check (treatment 6).



CORRECTED LEVEL OF EFFECTIVENESS

Corrected level of effectiveness results on potato plants are presented in Table 2. The corrected level of effectiveness (% growth increase relative to the control) was calculated by expressing the mean weight of total, large, medium or small tubers in treated plots as a percentage of mean weight of total, large, medium or small tubers, respectively, in the control plots.

Table 2. The corrected level of effectiveness related to mean weight of total, large, medium and small tubers at harvest.

TREATMENT	CORRECTED LEVEL OF EFFECTIVENESS (%)			
	Total	Large	Medium	Small
1	58.30	24.37	132.92	-34.31
2	4.38	65.46	-11.32	-51.28
3	14.37	-25.89	44.19	-7.39
4	54.33	38.71	56.86	32.60
5	-7.19	7.40	11.71	-61.78
6 Untreated control	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

*DAA = days after application

PHYTOTOXICITY

Phytotoxicity: No phytotoxicity of any kind was observed.

DISCUSSION

1. Disease severity:

Fusarium spp., *Verticillium* spp., *Alternaria solani* and *Phytophthora infestans* were successfully controlled by fungicides applied in the existing spray program, as no symptoms were visible during the trial.

2. Tuber weight: Total

Significant differences from the untreated control were found with treatments 1 and 4 (Table 1, Figure 1). Treatments 1 and 4 differed significantly from the untreated control and from treatments 2, 3 and 5, but did not differ significantly from each other. Treatments 2, 3 and 5 did not differ significantly from the untreated control or from each other. A corrected level of effectiveness of 58.30% and 54.33% were found with treatment 1 and treatment 4, respectively, indicating an increase in yield of the respective percentages compared to the control (Table 2).

3. Tuber weight: Large

Significant differences from the untreated control were only found with treatment 2 (Table 1, Figure 2). Treatment 2 was found to have a significantly higher mean weight of large tubers than treatments 3, 5 and 6, but did not differ significantly from treatments 1 and 4. Treatments 1 and 4 did not differ significantly from treatments 5 and 6. A corrected level of effectiveness of 65.46% was found with treatment 2 indicating an increase in yield of this percentage in mean weight of large tubers compared to the control (Table 2).

4. Tuber weight: Medium

Significant differences from the untreated control were found with treatments 1 and 4 (Table 1, Figure 3). Treatment 1 differed significantly from all the other treatments, with the highest mean weight of medium tubers. Treatment 4 had the second highest mean weight of medium tubers, differing significantly from treatments 2, 5 and 6, but not from treatment 3. A corrected level of effectiveness of 132.92% was found with treatment 1 indicating an increase in yield of this percentage in mean weight of medium tubers compared to the control (Table 2).

5. Tuber weight: Small

Treatment 4 was found to have significantly the highest mean weight of small tubers, differing significantly from all the other treatments (Table 1, Figure 4). Treatments 2 and 5 had significantly the lowest mean weight of small tubers, differing significantly from all the other treatments, but not differing significantly from each other. A corrected level of effectiveness of 32.60% was found with treatment 4, indicating an increase in yield of this percentage in mean weight of small tubers compared to the control (Table 2).

6. No symptoms of phytotoxicity were visible on any of the plant material treated during any given time of the trial.

RECOMMENDATION

A combination of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbali, Hp Active and molasses was found to be the most effective for increase in potato yield. Minimum dosage rates of the combination of Bio Terra 1 at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha, Bio Terra 2 at a dosage rate of 500 mL product/ha, Herbali at a dosage rate of 1 L product/ha, Hp Active at a dosage

rate of 200 mL product/ha and 4 L molasses applied during plant and then a combination of Herbali at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha and Hp Active at a dosage rate of 200 mL product/ha applied at the second week after emergence could be applied effectively to increase the yield of potatoes.

CONCLUSION

Significant increase in yield of potato was found with some of the treatments tested in the Aurora area. The combination of Bio Terra 1 at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha, Bio Terra 2 at a dosage rate of 500 mL product/ha, Herbali at a dosage rate of 1 L product/ha, Hp Active at a dosage rate of 200 mL product/ha and 4 L molasses applied during plant and then a combination of Herbali at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha and Hp Active at a dosage rate of 200 mL product/ha applied at the second week after emergence or the combination of Bio Terra 1 at a dosage rate of 4 L product/ha, Bio Terra 2 at a dosage rate of 1000 mL product/ha, Herbali at a dosage rate of 2 L product/ha, Hp Active at a dosage rate of 400 mL product/ha and 4 L molasses applied during plant and then a combination of Herbali at a dosage rate of 4 L product/ha and Hp Active at a dosage rate of 400 mL product/ha applied at the second week after emergence were found to be equally significantly effective to increase the yield of potato. No symptoms of phytotoxicity were visible on any of the potato plants treated during any given time of the trial.

COMPILED BY:

Jan van Schoor Pr. Sci. Nat (Reg. no 400278/05)
Agricultural Product Development Consultant

APPENDIX A

20Jan11 (BOSpotHERB)

Trial Treatments Page 1 of 7

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
Sponsor Contact:

Trt No.	Type	Treatment Name	Description	Rate	Rate Unit	Appl Code
1	VAR	Bio Terra 1	not treated	2	l/ha	A
	VAR	Bio Terra 2		500	ml/ha	A
	VAR	Herbalie		1	l/ha	AB
	VAR	Hp Active		200	ml/ha	AB
	VAR	Molasses (4 L)				A
2	VAR	Bio Terra 1		2	l/ha	A
	VAR	Bio Terra 2		500	ml/ha	A
	VAR	Molasses (2 L)				A
3	VAR	Herbalie		1	l/ha	ABCD
	VAR	Molasses (4 L)		400	ml/ha	A
	VAR	Hp Active				B
4	VAR	Bio Terra 1		4	l/ha	A
	VAR	Bio Terra 2		1000	ml/ha	A
	VAR	Herbalie		2	l/ha	AB
	VAR	Hp Active		400	ml/ha	AB
	VAR	Molasses (4 L)				A
5	CHK	Standard/Untreated Check	not treated			
6	CHK	Untreated Check	not treated			

Replications: 6, Untreated treatments: 1, Design: Randomized Complete Block (RCB), Treatment units: Treated 'Plot' size, Dry Form. Unit: g/kg, Treated 'Plot' size Width: 4 meters, Treated 'Plot' size Length: 10 meters, Application volume: 1000 L/ha, Mix size: 25 liters, Format definitions: G-All7.def, G-All7.frm

Product quantities required for listed treatments and applications of trials included in this table:

Amount*	Unit	Treatment Name	Form Conc	Form Type	Lot Code
---------	------	----------------	-----------	-----------	----------

* 'Per area' calculations based on spray volume= 1000 L/ha, mix size= 25 liters (mix size basis).

* Adjusted for multiple applications in treatment list.

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herballie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
 Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
 Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
 Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU
BBCH Scale	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT
Crop Scientific Name	Solanum tubero>					
Crop Name	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
Crop Variety	BP1	BP1	BP1	BP1	BP1	BP1
Part Rated	TUBTOT C	TUBLAR C	TUBMED C	TUBSMA C	PLANT C	PLANT C
Rating Date	17Jan11	17Jan11	17Jan11	17Jan11	8Sep10	
Rating Type	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	PHYGEN	
Rating Unit	kg	kg	kg	kg	%	
Sample Size, Unit	120	120	120	120	120	1
Collection Basis, Unit	PLANT	PLANT	PLANT	PLANT	PLANT	PLOT
Number of Subsamples	-	-	-	-	-	1
Crop Stage Scale	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH
Crop Density, Unit	120 PLOT					
Assessed By	Jan van Sch					
Days After First/Last Applic.	174 89	174 89	174 89	174 89	174 89	43 43
Trt-Eval Interval	89 DA-D	0 DA-B				
ARM Action Codes	K05	K05	K05	K05	K05	K05
Number of Decimals	2	2	2	2	2	2
Trt No.	Treatment Name	Rate	Appl Unit	Code		
		Rate	Unit	Code		
1		1			2	3
1 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A			18.83 ab	48.54 a
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A				
Herballie	1 l/ha	AB				
Hp Active	200 ml/ha	AB				
Molasses (4 L)		A				
2 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A			51.51 b	25.05 a
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A				
Molasses (2 L)		A				
3 Herballie	1 l/ha	ABCD			56.44 b	11.22 c
Molasses (4 L)		A				
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	B				
4 Bio Terra 1	4 l/ha	A			76.16 a	21.00 ab
Bio Terra 2	1000 ml/ha	A				
Herballie	2 l/ha	AB				
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	AB				
Molasses (4 L)		A				
5 Standard/Untreated Check					45.80 b	16.26 bc
6 Untreated Check					49.35 b	15.14 bc
LSD (P=.05)					14.429	5.518
Standard Deviation					12.132	4.639
CV					20.37	25.9
Bartlett's X2					3.597	10.817
P(Bartlett's X2)					0.609	0.055
Replicate F					0.176	0.672
Replicate Prob(F)					0.9693	0.6484
Treatment F					8.056	6.497
Treatment Prob(F)					0.0001	0.0005

Means followed by same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, Student-Newman-Keuls)

Mean comparisons performed only when AOV Treatment P(F) is significant at mean comparison OSL.

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
 Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
 Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
 Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU
BBCH Scale	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT
Crop Scientific Name	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>
Crop Name	Potato	Potato	Potato
Crop Variety	BP1	BP1	BP1
Part Rated	PLANT C	PLANT C	PLANT C
Rating Date	30Sep10	20Oct10	17Jan11
Rating Type	PHYGEN	PHYGEN	PHYGEN
Rating Unit	%	%	%
Sample Size, Unit	1 PLOT	1 PLOT	1 PLOT
Collection Basis, Unit			
Number of Subsamples	1	1	1
Crop Stage Scale	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH
Crop Density, Unit	120 PLOT	120 PLOT	120 PLOT
Assessed By	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch
Days After First/Last Applic.	65 22	85 20	174 89
Trt-Eval Interval	0 DA-C	0 DA-D	89 DA-D
ARM Action Codes	K05	K05	K05
Number of Decimals	2	2	2
Trt No.	Treatment Name	Rate	Appl
		Unit	Code
1	Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A
	Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A
	Herbalie	1 l/ha	AB
	Hp Active	200 ml/ha	AB
	Molasses (4 L)		A
2	Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A
	Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A
	Molasses (2 L)		A
3	Herbalie	1 l/ha	ABCD
	Molasses (4 L)		A
	Hp Active	400 ml/ha	B
4	Bio Terra 1	4 l/ha	A
	Bio Terra 2	1000 ml/ha	A
	Herbalie	2 l/ha	AB
	Hp Active	400 ml/ha	AB
	Molasses (4 L)		A
5	Standard/Untreated Check		
6	Untreated Check		
LSD (P=.05)		0.000	0.000
Standard Deviation		0.000	0.000
CV		0.0	0.0
Bartlett's X2		0.0	0.0
P(Bartlett's X2)		.	.
Replicate F		0.000	0.000
Replicate Prob(F)		1.0000	1.0000
Treatment F		0.000	0.000
Treatment Prob(F)		1.0000	1.0000

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code

SOLTU, BPOT, Solanum tuberosum, = US

Part Rated

TUBTOT = tuber - total

TUBLAR = tuber - large

TUBMED = tuber - medium

TUBSMA = tuber - small

PLANT = plant

C = Crop is Part Rated

Rating Type

WEIGHT = weight

PHYGEN = phytotoxicity - general / injury

Rating Unit

kg = kilogram

% = percent

PLANT = plant/plant biomass/shrub

PLOT = total plot

PLOT = total plot

Crop Stage Scale

BBCH = BBCH uniform plant stages

PLOT = per plot

ARM Action Codes

K05 = Perform 5% Tukey's HSD mean separation on Standardized Summary

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
 Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
 Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
 Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU
BBCH Scale	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT
Crop Scientific Name	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>
Crop Name	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
Crop Variety	BP1	BP1	BP1	BP1
Part Rated	TUBTOT C	TUBLAR C	TUBMED C	TUBSMA C
Rating Date	17Jan11	17Jan11	17Jan11	17Jan11
Rating Type	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	WEIGHT	WEIGHT
Rating Unit	kg	kg	kg	kg
Sample Size, Unit	120 PLANT	120 PLANT	120 PLANT	120 PLANT
Collection Basis, Unit	- PLOT	- PLOT	- PLOT	- PLOT
Number of Subsamples	1	1	1	1
Crop Stage Scale	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH
Crop Density, Unit	120 PLOT	120 PLOT	120 PLOT	120 PLOT
Assessed By	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch
Days After First/Last Applic.	174 89	174 89	174 89	174 89
Trt-Eval Interval	89 DA-D	89 DA-D	89 DA-D	89 DA-D
ARM Action Codes	K05	K05	K05	K05
Number of Decimals	2	2	2	2
Trt Treatment	Rate	Appl		
No. Name	Rate	Unit	Code	Plot
				1
1 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A	105	80.10
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A	206	74.40
Herbalie	1 l/ha	AB	301	90.00
Hp Active	200 ml/ha	AB	402	67.98
Molasses (4 L)		A	501	81.00
			601	75.24
	Mean =		78.12	18.83
	Mean =		51.51	25.05
2 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A	102	54.30
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A	203	79.20
Molasses (2 L)		A	304	37.50
			401	35.04
			502	52.05
	Mean =		50.97	22.50
3 Herbalie	1 l/ha	ABCD	104	61.20
Molasses (4 L)		A	201	42.90
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	B	303	55.20
			406	66.45
			503	60.36
	Mean =		603	52.52
4 Bio Terra 1	4 l/ha	A	103	67.29
Bio Terra 2	1000 ml/ha	A	204	83.40
Herbalie	2 l/ha	AB	305	64.80
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	AB	404	89.13
Molasses (4 L)		A	504	70.50
			604	81.81
	Mean =		76.16	21.00
5 Standard/Untreated Check			106	37.95
			205	51.90
			302	64.20
			405	29.13
			505	51.60
			605	39.99
	Mean =		45.80	16.26
6 Untreated Check			101	47.13
			202	42.96
			306	37.20
			403	70.11
			506	54.36
			606	44.34
	Mean =		49.35	15.14

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU	SOLTU
BBCH Scale	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT	BPOT
Crop Scientific Name	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>	Solanum tubero>
Crop Name	Potato	Potato	Potato	Potato
Crop Variety	BP1	BP1	BP1	BP1
Part Rated	PLANT C	PLANT C	PLANT C	PLANT C
Rating Date	8Sep10	30Sep10	20Oct10	17Jan11
Rating Type	PHYGEN	PHYGEN	PHYGEN	PHYGEN
Rating Unit	%	%	%	%
Sample Size, Unit	1	1	1	1
Collection Basis, Unit	PLOT	PLOT	PLOT	PLOT
Number of Subsamples	1	1	1	1
Crop Stage Scale	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH	BBCH
Crop Density, Unit	120 PLOT	120 PLOT	120 PLOT	120 PLOT
Assessed By	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch	Jan van Sch
Days After First/Last Appl.	43 43	65 22	85 20	174 89
Trt-Eval Interval	0 DA-B	0 DA-C	0 DA-D	89 DA-D
ARM Action Codes	K05	K05	K05	K05
Number of Decimals	2	2	2	2
Trt Treatment	Rate	Appl		
No. Name	Rate	Unit	Code	Plot
1 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A	105	5
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A	206	6
Herbalie	1 l/ha	AB	301	
Hp Active	200 ml/ha	AB	402	
Molasses (4 L)		A	501	
			601	
	Mean =			0.00
2 Bio Terra 1	2 l/ha	A	102	7
Bio Terra 2	500 ml/ha	A	203	
Molasses (2 L)		A	304	
			401	
			502	
			602	
	Mean =			0.00
3 Herbie	1 l/ha	ABCD	104	8
Molasses (4 L)		A	201	
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	B	303	
			406	
			503	
			603	
	Mean =			0.00
4 Bio Terra 1	4 l/ha	A	103	
Bio Terra 2	1000 ml/ha	A	204	
Herbalie	2 l/ha	AB	305	
Hp Active	400 ml/ha	AB	404	
Molasses (4 L)		A	504	
			604	
	Mean =			0.00
5 Standard/Untreated Check			106	
			205	
			302	
			405	
			505	
			605	
	Mean =			0.00
6 Untreated Check			101	
			202	
			306	
			403	
			506	
			606	
	Mean =			0.00

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE CONSULTANTS CC

Field study to evaluate the efficacy of Bio Terra 1, Bio Terra 2, Herbalie and HpActive in controlling disease present on potato. Define commercial dosage rate. Compare to an untreated control and conventional treatments.

Trial ID: BOSpotHERB Protocol ID: BOSpotHERB
Location: Aurora Study Director: Andre Pretorius
Project ID: Investigator: JAN VAN SCHOOR
Sponsor Contact:

Crop Code

SOLTU, BPOT, Solanum tuberosum, = US

Part Rated

TUBTOT = tuber - total

TUBLAR = tuber - large

TUBMED = tuber - medium

TUBSMA = tuber - small

PLANT = plant

C = Crop is Part Rated

Rating Type

WEIGHT = weight

PHYGEN = phytotoxicity - general / injury

Rating Unit

kg = kilogram

% = percent

PLANT = plant/plant biomass/shrub

PLOT = total plot

PLOT = total plot

Crop Stage Scale

BBCH = BBCH uniform plant stages

PLOT = per plot

ARM Action Codes

K05 = Perform 5% Tukey's HSD mean separation on Standardized Summary